



中国认可
国际互认
检测
TESTING
CNAS L21481



IEC 62133-2 TEST REPORT

For

Li-ion Battery

Model: 902040

Prepared for: Shenzhen Jinpinneng Electronics Co., Ltd.
No.138, Pengda Road, Nanlian Community, Longgang Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen

Prepared by: Nuocheng Safety Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
1-2/F., No.A Building, The Third Industrial Zone, Fenghuang Community, Fuyong Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Website: <http://www.ncjctest.com>
TEL: +86-755-23057131

Report Number: NCJC260280227-0020
Date of Test: 2026.05.07 to 2026.05.21
Date of Issue: 2026.05.21

Tested By: Francis Yang

Reviewed by: Rick Huang

Approved By:

Seal of NCJC:



The results detailed in this test report relate only to the specific sample(s) tested. This report is not to be reproduced except in full, without written approval from Nuocheng Safety Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

TEST REPORT
IEC 62133-2

**Secondary cells and batteries containing alkaline or other non-acid electrolytes –
Safety requirements for portable sealed secondary cells, and for batteries made
from them, for use in portable applications-**

Part 2: Lithium systems**Report Number**.....: NCJC260280227-0020**Date of issue**.....: 2026.05.21**Total number of pages**..... 26 pages**Applicant's name**.....: Shenzhen Jinpinneng Electronics Co., Ltd.**Address**.....: No.138, Pengda Road, Nanlian Community, Longgang Street,
Longgang District, Shenzhen**Test specification:****Standard**..... : IEC 62133-2:2017+AMD1:2021**Test procedure**.....: Test Report**Non-standard test method**.....: N/A**Test item description**.....: Li-ion Battery**Trade Mark**.....: N/A**Manufacturer**.....: Shenzhen Jinpinneng Electronics Co., Ltd.**Address**.....: No.138, Pengda Road, Nanlian Community, Longgang Street,
Longgang District, Shenzhen**Model/Type reference**.....: 902040**Ratings**.....: 3.7V, 700mAh, 2.59Wh

Testing procedure and testing location:	
Testing Laboratory:	
Testing location/ address..... : Nuocheng Safety Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 1-2/F., No.A Building, The Third Industrial Zone, Fenghuang Community, Fuyong Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China	
List of Attachments:	
Appendix 1: 3 pages of Photo Documentation	
Summary of testing:	
Tests performed (name of test and test clause): cl.5.6.2 Design recommendation; cl.7.1 Charging procedure for test purposes (for Cells and Batteries); cl.7.2.1 Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells); cl.7.3.1 External short circuit (cells); cl.7.3.2 External short circuit (batteries); cl.7.3.3 Free fall (cells and batteries); cl.7.3.4 Thermal abuse (cells); cl.7.3.5 Crush (cells); cl.7.3.6 Over-charging of battery; cl.7.3.7 Forced discharge (cells); cl.7.3.8 Mechanical tests (batteries); cl.7.3.9 Design evaluation – Forced internal short circuit (cells) Tests are made with the number of cells and batteries specified in IEC 62133-2:2017 +AMD1:2021 Table 1.	Testing location: Nuocheng Safety Testing (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. 1-2/F., No.A Building, The Third Industrial Zone, Fenghuang Community, Fuyong Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Summary of compliance with National Differences	
N/A	
☒ The product fulfils the requirements of <u>EN 62133-2:2017+A1:2021</u>	

Copy of marking plate**Li-ion Battery****Model: 902040 (1ICP9/20/40)****Rated: 3.7V 700mAh 2.59Wh****Shenzhen Jinpinneng Electronics Co., Ltd.****YYYYMM + -****Caution: Caution: Risk of Fire and Burns. Do Not Open,
Crush, Short circuit. Follow Manufacturer's Instructions.****Information for safety mentioned on equipment's package.****Caution:**

- Keep small cells and batteries which are considered swallowable out of the reach of children.
- Swallowing may lead to burns, perforation of soft tissue, and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 h of ingestion.
- In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, seek medical assistance promptly.

Test item particulars..... :	
Classification of installation and use.....:	To be defined in final product
Supply connection.....:	DC Connector
Recommend charging method declared by the manufacturer.....:	Charging the battery with 140mA constant current until 4.2V, then constant voltage until charge current reduces to 14mA at ambient 20°C±5°C.
Discharge current (0,2 I_L A).....:	140mA
Specified final voltage.....:	3.0V
Upper limit charging voltage per cell.....:	4.25V
Maximum charging current.....:	700mA
Charging temperature upper limit.....:	45°C
Charging temperature lower limit.....:	0°C
Polymer cell electrolyte type.....:	☐ gel polymer ☐ solid polymer ☒ N/A
Possible test case verdicts:	
- test case does not apply to the test object.....:	N/A
- test object does meet the requirement.....:	P (Pass)
- test object does not meet the requirement.....:	F (Fail)
Testing..... :	
Date of receipt of test item.....:	2026.05.07
Date (s) of performance of tests.....:	2026.05.07 to 2026.05.21
General remarks:	
The test results presented in this report relate only to the object tested. This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of the Issuing testing laboratory. "(See Enclosure #)" refers to additional information appended to the report. "(See appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report. Throughout this report a ☐ comma / ☒ point is used as the decimal separator.	
Name and address of factory (ies): Same as applicant	

General product information:

This battery is constructed with one lithium-ion cell and has overcharge, over-discharge, over current and short-circuits proof circuit.

The main features of the battery pack are shown as below (clause 7.1.1):

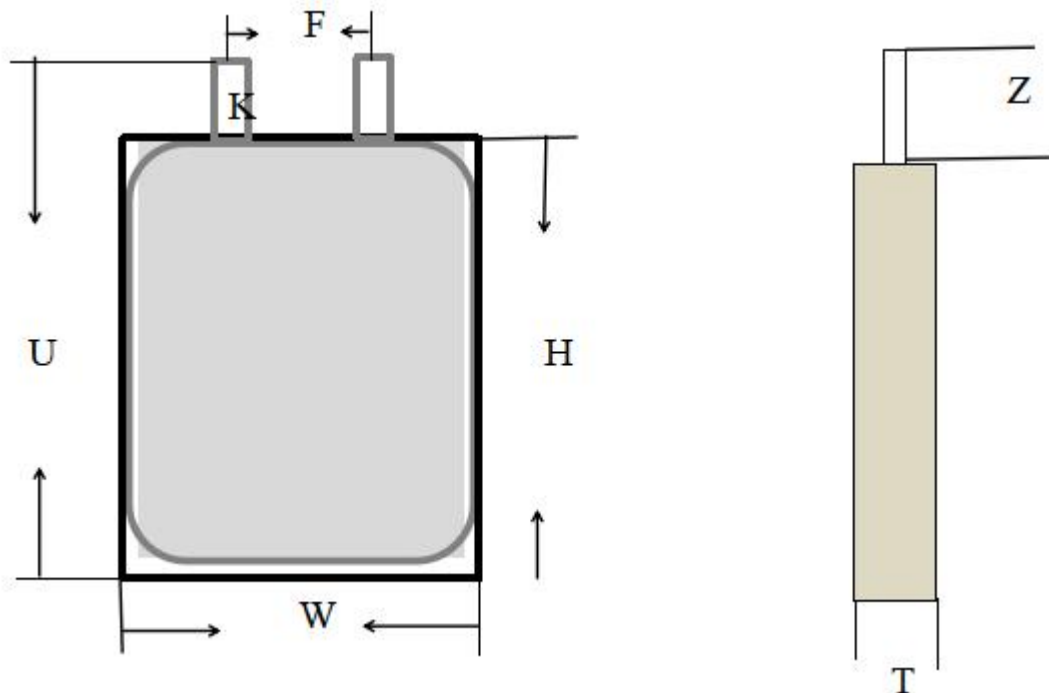
Model (Battery)	Nominal capacity	Nominal voltage	Nominal Charge Current	Nominal Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Current	Maximum Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Voltage	Cut-off Voltage
902040	700mAh	3.7V	140mA	140mA	700mA	700mA	4.2V	3.0V

The main features of the cell in the battery pack are shown as below (clause 7.1.1):

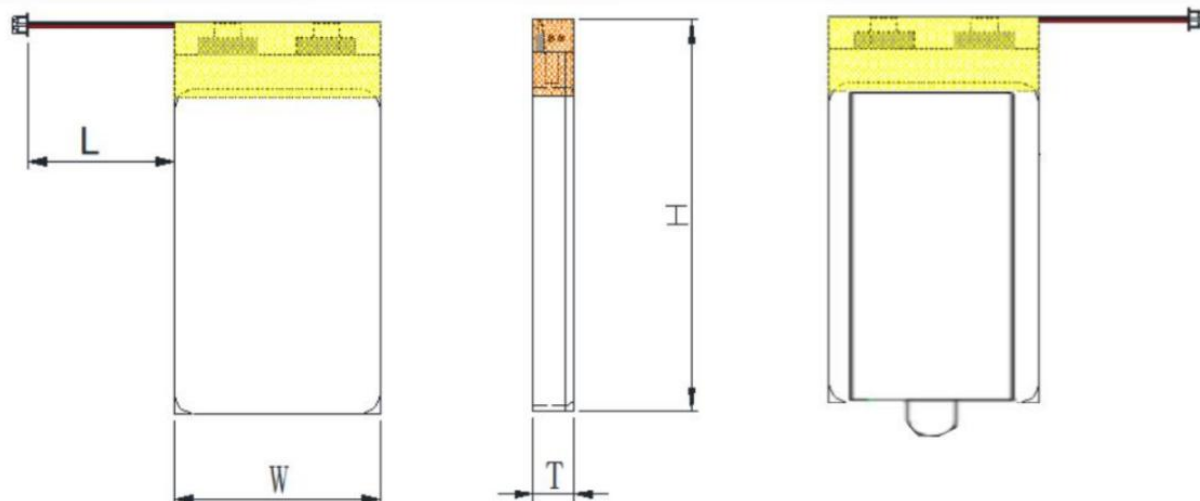
Model (Cell)	Nominal capacity	Nominal voltage	Nominal Charge Current	Nominal Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Current	Maximum Discharge Current	Maximum Charge Voltage	Cut-off Voltage
902040	700mAh	3.7V	140mA	140mA	700mA	700mA	4.2V	3.0V

The main features of the cell in the battery pack are shown as below (clause 7.1.2):

Model (Cell)	Upper limit charge voltage	Taper-off current	Lower charge temperature	Upper charge temperature
902040	4.25V	35mA	0°C	45°C

Construction:(Unit: mm)

 $H: \leq 40.0\text{mm}$
 $W: \leq 20.0\text{mm}$
 $T: \leq 9.0\text{mm}$

Cell



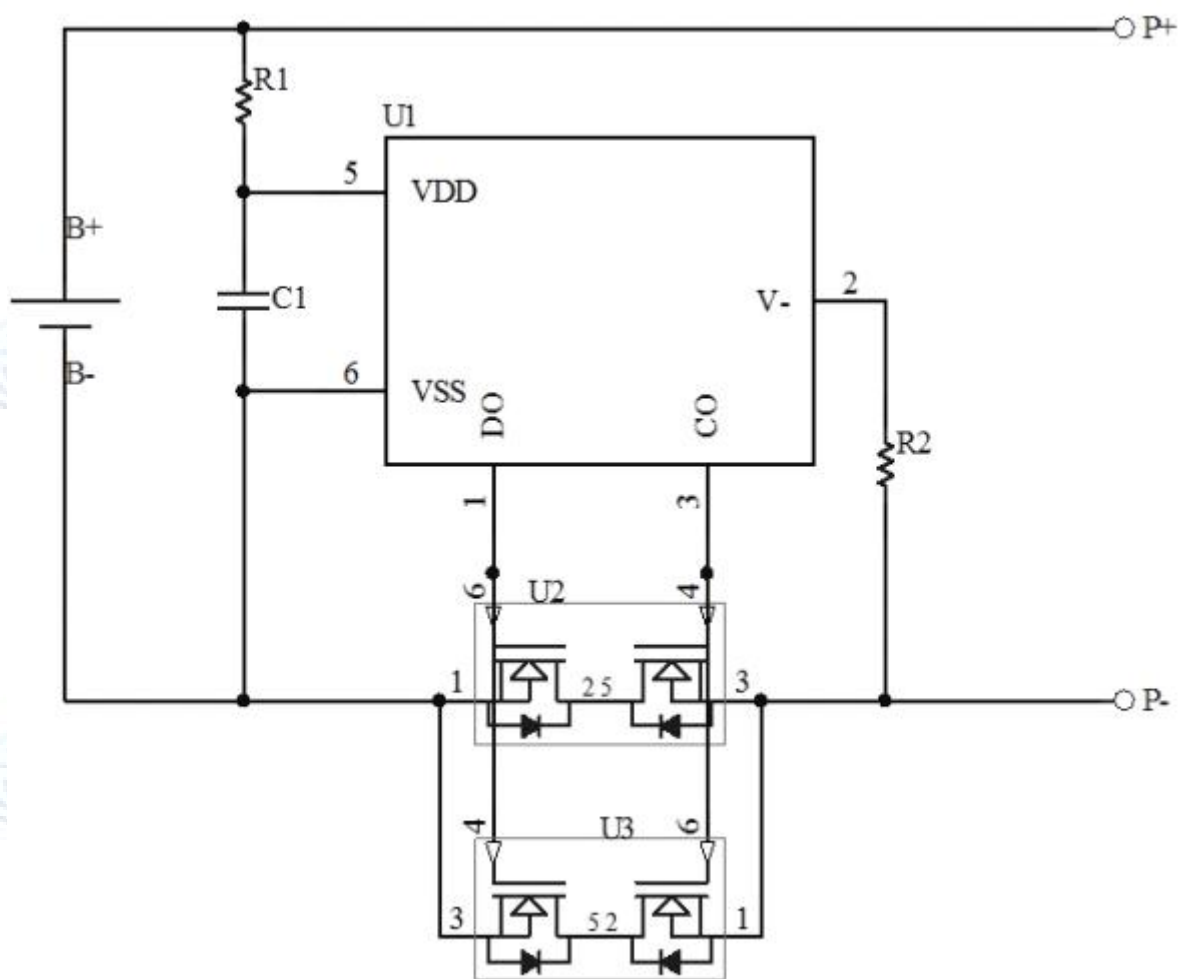
H: ≤41.0mm

W: ≤20.0mm

T: ≤9.0mm

Battery

Circuit diagram:



IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
4	PARAMETER MEASUREMENT TOLERANCES		P
	Parameter measurement tolerances		P
5	GENERAL SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS		P
5.1	General		P
	Cells and batteries so designed and constructed that they are safe under conditions of both intended use and reasonably foreseeable misuse		P
5.2	Insulation and wiring		P
	The insulation resistance between the positive terminal and externally exposed metal surfaces of the battery (excluding electrical contact surfaces) is not less than 5 MΩ	No metal surface exists.	N/A
	Insulation resistance (MΩ)..... :		—
	Internal wiring and insulation are sufficient to withstand maximum anticipated current, voltage and temperature requirements		P
	Orientation of wiring maintains adequate clearances and creepage distances between conductors		P
	Mechanical integrity of internal connections accommodates reasonably foreseeable misuse		P
5.3	Venting		P
	Battery cases and cells incorporate a pressure relief mechanism or are constructed so that they relieve excessive internal pressure at a value and rate that will preclude rupture, explosion and self-ignition	Venting mechanism exists on narrow side of the pouch cell.	P
	Encapsulation used to support cells within an outer casing does not cause the battery to overheat during normal operation nor inhibit pressure relief		N/A
5.4	Temperature, voltage and current management		P
	Batteries are designed such that abnormal temperature rise conditions are prevented	Overcharge, overdischarge, over current and short-circuit proof circuit used in this battery. See tests of clause 7.	P
	Batteries are designed to be within temperature, voltage and current limits specified by the cell manufacturer	See above.	P
	Batteries are provided with specifications and charging instructions for equipment manufacturers so that specified chargers are designed to maintain charging within the temperature, voltage and current limits specified	The charging limits specified in the manufacturer's specification.	P
5.5	Terminal contacts		P
	The size and shape of the terminal contacts ensure that they can carry the maximum anticipated current		P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	External terminal contact surfaces are formed from conductive materials with good mechanical strength and corrosion resistance		P
	Terminal contacts are arranged to minimize the risk of short circuits		P
5.6	Assembly of cells into batteries		P
5.6.1	General		P
	Each battery has an independent control and protection for current, voltage, temperature and any other parameter required for safety and to maintain the cells within their operating region	Protective circuit equipped on battery.	P
	This protection may be provided external to the battery such as within the charger or the end devices		N/A
	If protection is external to the battery, the manufacturer of the battery provide this safety relevant information to the external device manufacturer for implementation		N/A
	If there is more than one battery housed in a single battery case, each battery has protective circuitry that can maintain the cells within their operating regions		N/A
	Manufacturers of cells specify current, voltage and temperature limits so that the battery manufacturer/designer may ensure proper design and assembly	Current, voltage and temperature limits specified by cell manufacturer.	P
	Batteries that are designed for the selective discharge of a portion of their series connected cells incorporate circuitry to prevent operation of cells outside the limits specified by the cell manufacturer		N/A
	Protective circuit components are added as appropriate and consideration given to the end-device application		P
	The manufacturer of the battery provide a safety analysis of the battery safety circuitry with a test report including a fault analysis of the protection circuit under both charging and discharging conditions confirming the compliance	Safety analysis report provided by manufacturer.	P
5.6.2	Design recommendation		P
	For the battery consisting of a single cell or a single cellblock, it is recommended that the charging voltage of the cell does not exceed the upper limit of the charging voltage specified in Table 2	Single cell battery, Max. Charging voltage of cell: 4.2V, not exceed 4.25V specified in Clause 7.1.2, Table 2.	P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	For the battery consisting of series-connected plural single cells or series-connected plural cellblocks, it is recommended that the voltages of any one of the single cells or single cellblocks does not exceed the upper limit of the charging voltage, specified in Table 2, by monitoring the voltage of every single cell or the single cellblocks		N/A
	For the battery consisting of series-connected plural single cells or series-connected plural cellblocks, it is recommended that charging is stopped when the upper limit of the charging voltage is exceeded for any one of the single cells or single cellblocks by measuring the voltage of every single cell or the single cellblocks		N/A
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, nominal charge voltage are not counted as an overcharge protection		N/A
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, cells have closely matched capacities, be of the same design, be of the same chemistry and be from the same manufacturer		N/A
	It is recommended that the cells and cell blocks are not discharged beyond the cell manufacturer's specified final voltage	Final voltage of cell:3.0V, not exceed the final voltage specified by cell manufacturer.	P
	For batteries consisting of series-connected cells or cell blocks, cell balancing circuitry are incorporated into the battery management system		N/A
5.6.3	Mechanical protection for cells and components of batteries		P
	Mechanical protection for cells, cell connections and control circuits within the battery are provided to prevent damage as a result of intended use and reasonably foreseeable misuse	Mechanical protection for cell connections and control circuits provided.	P
	The mechanical protection can be provided by the battery case or it can be provided by the end product enclosure for those batteries intended for building into an end product	Build-in batteries, mechanical protection for battery should be provided by end product.	N/A
	The battery case and compartments housing cells are designed to accommodate cell dimensional tolerances during charging and discharging as recommended by the cell manufacturer	To be evaluated in final system.	N/A
	For batteries intended for building into a portable end product, testing with the battery installed within the end product is considered when conducting mechanical tests		N/A
5.7	Quality plan		P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The manufacturer prepares and implements a quality plan that defines procedures for the inspection of materials, components, cells and batteries and which covers the whole process of producing each type of cell or battery	Complied. Quality plan.	P
5.8	Battery safety components	See TABLE: Critical components information	N/A

6	TYPE TEST AND SAMPLE SIZE		P
	Tests are made with the number of cells or batteries specified in Table 1 using cells or batteries that are not more than six months old		P
	The internal resistance of coin cells are measured in accordance with Annex D. Coin cells with internal resistance less than or equal to 3 Ω are tested in accordance with Table 1	Not coin cells	N/A
	Unless otherwise specified, tests are carried out in an ambient temperature of 20 °C $\pm$ 5 °C		P
	The safety analysis of 5.6.1 identify those components of the protection circuit that are critical for short-circuit, overcharge and over discharge protection		P
	When conducting the short-circuit test, consideration is given to the simulation of any single fault condition that is likely to occur in the protecting circuit that would affect the short-circuit test	See clause 7.3.2.	P

7	SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS AND TESTS		P
7.1	Charging procedure for test purposes		P
7.1.1	First procedure		P
	This charging procedure applies to subclauses other than those specified in 7.1.2		P
	Unless otherwise stated in this document, the charging procedure for test purposes is carried out in an ambient temperature of 20 °C $\pm$ 5 °C, using the method declared by the manufacturer	See page 4.	P
	Prior to charging, the battery has been discharged at 20 °C $\pm$ 5 °C at a constant current of 0,2 It A down to a specified final voltage	See page 4.	P
7.1.2	Second procedure		P
	This charging procedure applies only to 7.3.1, 7.3.4, 7.3.5, and 7.3.9		P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	After stabilization for 1 h to 4 h, at an ambient temperature of the highest test temperature and the lowest test temperature, respectively, as specified in Table 2, cells are charged by using the upper limit charging voltage and maximum charging current, until the charging current is reduced to 0,05 It A, using a constant current to constant voltage charging method	Charge temperature range: 0-45°C declared.	P
7.2	Intended use		P
7.2.1	Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells)		P
	Fully charged cells are subjected for 7 days to a charge using the charging method for current and standard voltage specified by the cell manufacturer	Charging for 7 days with 140mA.	P
	Results: no fire, no explosion, no leakage..... :	(See appended table 7.2.1)	P
7.2.2	Case stress at high ambient temperature (battery)		N/A
	Oven temperature (°C)..... :		—
	Results: no physical distortion of the battery case resulting in exposure of internal protective components and cells		N/A
7.3	Reasonably foreseeable misuse		P
7.3.1	External short-circuit (cell)	Tested complied.	P
	The cells were tested until one of the following occurred:		P
	- 24 hours elapsed; or		N/A
	- The case temperature declined by 20 % of the maximum temperature rise		P
	Results: no fire, no explosion..... :	(See appended table 7.3.1)	P
7.3.2	External short-circuit (battery)	Tested complied.	P
	The batteries were tested until one of the following occurred:		P
	- 24 hours elapsed; or		N/A
	- The case temperature declined by 20 % of the maximum temperature rise		P
	In case of rapid decline in short circuit current, the battery pack remained on test for an additional one hour after the current reached a low end steady state condition		P
	A single fault in the discharge protection circuit is conducted on one to four (depending upon the protection circuit) of the five samples before conducting the short-circuit test	Single fault conducted on three samples.	P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	A single fault applies to protective component parts such as MOSFET (metal oxide semiconductor field-effect transistor), fuse, thermostat or positive temperature coefficient (PTC) thermistor	Single fault applies on MOSFET(U2,U3).	P
	Results: no fire, no explosion.....:	(See appended table 7.3.2)	P
7.3.3	Free fall	Tested complied.	P
	Results: no fire, no explosion	No fire. No explosion	P
7.3.4	Thermal abuse (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	Oven temperature (°C).....:	130°C	—
	Results: no fire, no explosion	No fire. No explosion	P
7.3.5	Crush (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	The crushing force was released upon:		P
	- The maximum force of 13 kN ± 0,78 kN has been applied; or		P
	- An abrupt voltage drop of one-third of the original voltage has been obtained		N/A
	Results: no fire, no explosion.....:	(See appended table 7.3.5)	P
7.3.6	Over-charging of battery	Tested complied.	P
	The supply voltage which is:		P
	- 1,4 times the upper limit charging voltage presented in Table A.1 (but not to exceed 6,0 V) for single cell/cell block batteries or	5.95V applied.	P
	- 1,2 times the upper limit charging voltage resented in Table A.1 per cell for series connected multi-cell batteries, and		N/A
	- Sufficient to maintain a current of 2,0 It A throughout the duration of the test or until the supply voltage is reached		P
	Test was continued until the temperature of the outer casing:		P
	- Reached steady state conditions (less than 10 °C change in 30-minute period); or		N/A
	- Returned to ambient		P
	Results: no fire, no explosion.....:	(See appended table 7.3.6)	P
7.3.7	Forced discharge (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	Discharge a single cell to the lower limit discharge voltage specified by the cell manufacturer		P
	The discharged cell is then subjected to a forced discharge at 1 It A to the negative value of the upper limit charging voltage		P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	- The discharge voltage reaches the negative value of upper limit charging voltage within the testing duration. The voltage is maintained at the negative value of the upper limit charging voltage by reducing the current for the remainder of the testing duration		N/A
	- The discharge voltage does not reach the negative value of upper limit charging voltage within the testing duration. The test is terminated at the end of the testing duration		P
	Results: no fire, no explosion.....:	(See appended table 7.3.7)	P
7.3.8	Mechanical tests (batteries)		P
7.3.8.1	Vibration	Tested complied.	P
	Results: no fire, no explosion, no rupture, no leakage or venting.....:	(See appended table 7.3.8.1)	P
7.3.8.2	Mechanical shock	Tested complied.	P
	Results: no leakage, no venting, no rupture, no explosion and no fire.....:	(See appended table 7.3.8.2)	P
7.3.9	Design evaluation – Forced internal short-circuit (cells)	Tested complied.	P
	The cells complied with national requirement for.....:	France, Japan, Republic of Korea, Switzerland	—
	The pressing was stopped upon:		P
	- A voltage drop of 50 mV has been detected; or		N/A
	- The pressing force of 800 N (cylindrical cells) or 400 N (prismatic cells) has been reached	400N for prismatic cells.	P
	Results: no fire.....:	(See appended table 7.3.9)	P
8	INFORMATION FOR SAFETY		P
8.1	General		P
	Manufacturers of secondary cells provides information about current, voltage and temperature limits of their products	Information for safety mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P
	Manufacturers of batteries provides information regarding how to minimize and mitigate hazards to equipment manufacturers or end-users	Information for safety mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P
	Systems analyses are performed by device manufacturers to ensure that a particular battery design prevents hazards from occurring during use of a product		N/A
	As appropriate, any information relating to hazard avoidance resulting from a system analysis is provided to the end user		P
8.2	Small cell and battery safety information	Small cells and batteries.	P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
	The following warning language is to be provided with the information packaged with the small cells and batteries or equipment using them:	Information for safety mentioned on equipment's package.	P
	- Keep small cells and batteries which are considered swallowable out of the reach of children		P
	- Swallowing may lead to burns, perforation of soft tissue, and death. Severe burns can occur within 2 h of ingestion		P
	- In case of ingestion of a cell or battery, seek medical assistance promptly		P
9	MARKING		P
9.1	Cell marking		N/A
	Cells are marked as specified in IEC 61960, except coin cells	The final product is battery.	N/A
	Coin cells whose external surface area is too small to accommodate the markings on the cells show the designation and polarity		N/A
	By agreement between the cell manufacturer and the battery and/or end product manufacturer, component cells used in the manufacture of a battery need not be marked		N/A
9.2	Battery marking		P
	Batteries are marked as specified in IEC 61960, except for coin batteries	The battery is marked in accordance with IEC 61960, also see copy of marking plate.	P
	Coin batteries whose external surface area is too small to accommodate the markings on the batteries show the designation and polarity	Not coin battery.	N/A
	Batteries are marked with an appropriate caution statement		P
	- Terminals have clear polarity marking on the external surface of the battery, or	The "Red wire: +" and "Black wire: -" polarity explicitly marked on surface of the battery.	P
	- Not be marked with polarity markings if the design of the external connector prevents reverse polarity connections		P
9.3	Caution for ingestion of small cells and batteries	Small cells and batteries.	P
	Coin cells and batteries identified as small batteries include a caution statement regarding the hazards of ingestion in accordance with 8.2	Not coin cells	N/A
	Small cells and batteries are intended for direct sale in consumer-replaceable applications, caution for ingestion is given on the immediate package	Not intended for direct sale.	N/A

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
9.4	Other information		P
	The following information are marked on or supplied with the battery:		P
	- Storage and disposal instructions	Information for storage and disposal instructions mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P
	- Recommended charging instructions	Information for recommended charging instructions mentioned in manufacturer's specifications.	P
10	PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT		P
	Packaging for coin cells are not be small enough to fit within the limits of the ingestion gauge of Figure 3	Not coin cells.	N/A
ANNEX A	CHARGING AND DISCHARGING RANGE OF SECONDARY LITHIUM ION CELLS FOR SAFE USE		P
A.1	General		P
A.2	Safety of lithium ion secondary battery	Complied.	P
A.3	Consideration on charging voltage	Complied.	P
A.3.1	General		P
A.3.2	Upper limit charging voltage	4.25V applied.	P
A.3.2.1	General		P
A.3.2.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		P
A.3.2.3	Safety requirements, when different upper limit charging voltage is applied	4.25V applied.	N/A
A.4	Consideration of temperature and charging current		P
A.4.1	General		P
A.4.2	Recommended temperature range	See A.4.2.2.	P
A.4.2.1	General		P
A.4.2.2	Safety consideration when a different recommended temperature range is applied	Charging temperature declared by client is: 0-45°C	P
A.4.3	High temperature range		N/A
A.4.3.1	General		N/A
A.4.3.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.4.3.3	Safety considerations when specifying charging conditions in the high temperature range		N/A
A.4.3.4	Safety considerations when specifying a new upper limit in the high temperature range		N/A

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
A.4.4	Low temperature range		N/A
A.4.4.1	General		N/A
A.4.4.2	Explanation of safety viewpoint		N/A
A.4.4.3	Safety considerations, when specifying charging conditions in the low temperature range		N/A
A.4.4.4	Safety considerations when specifying a new lower limit in the low temperature range		N/A
A.4.5	Scope of the application of charging current		P
A.4.6	Consideration of discharge		P
A.4.6.1	General		P
A.4.6.2	Final discharge voltage and explanation of safety viewpoint	Cell specified final voltage 3.0V, not exceed 3.0V specified by cell manufacturer.	P
A.4.6.3	Discharge current and temperature range		P
A.4.6.4	Scope of application of the discharging current		P
A.5	Sample preparation		P
A.5.1	General		P
A.5.2	Insertion procedure for nickel particle to generate internal short		P
A.5.3	Disassembly of charged cell		P
A.5.4	Shape of nickel particle		P
A.5.5	Insertion of nickel particle in cylindrical cell		N/A
A.5.5.1	Insertion of nickel particle in winding core		N/A
A.5.5.2	Marking the position of the nickel particle on both ends of the winding core of the separator		N/A
A.5.6	Insertion of nickel particle in prismatic cell		P
A.6	Experimental procedure of the forced internal short-circuit test		P
A.6.1	Material and tools for preparation of nickel particle		P
A.6.2	Example of a nickel particle preparation procedure		P
A.6.3	Positioning (or placement) of a nickel particle		P
A.6.4	Damaged separator precaution		P
A.6.5	Caution for rewinding separator and electrode		P
A.6.6	Insulation film for preventing short-circuit		P
A.6.7	Caution when disassembling a cell		P
A.6.8	Protective equipment for safety		P
A.6.9	Caution in the case of fire during disassembling		P

IEC 62133-2			
Clause	Requirement + Test	Result - Remark	Verdict
A.6.10	Caution for the disassembling process and pressing the electrode core		P
A.6.11	Recommended specifications for the pressing device		P
ANNEX B	RECOMMENDATIONS TO EQUIPMENT MANUFACTURERS AND BATTERY ASSEMBLERS		N/A
ANNEX C	RECOMMENDATIONS TO THE END-USERS		N/A
ANNEX D	MEASUREMENT OF THE INTERNAL AC RESISTANCE FOR COIN CELLS		N/A
D.1	General	Not coin cells.	N/A
D.2	Method		N/A
	A sample size of three coin cells is required for this measurement		N/A
	Coin cells with an internal resistance greater than 3 Ω require no further testing..... :	(See appended table D.2)	N/A
	Coin cells with an internal resistance less than or equal to 3 Ω are subjected to the testing according to Clause 6 and Table 1		N/A
ANNEX E	PACKAGING AND TRANSPORT		N/A
ANNEX F	COMPONENT STANDARDS REFERENCES		N/A

5.1 – 5.6					
TABLE: Critical components information					
Object/part no.	Manufacturer/ trademark	Type/model	Technical data	Standard	Mark(s) of conformity
PCB	Shenzhen Assunny Precision Circuit Scien Tech Co.,LTD	RD	V-0, 130°C	UL 796	UL E248037
PCB (Alternative)	Interchangeable	Interchangeable	V-0, 130°C	UL 796	UL approved
Protective IC(U1)	MaoMing Shi BaiQiang Microelectronics Co.,LTD	DW01A	Over-charge detection Voltage:4.28±0.05V Over-discharge detection Voltage: 2.4±0.1V	IEC 62133-2: 2017+AMD1: 2021	Tested with appliance
MOSFET (U2)	MaoMing Shi BaiQiang Microelectronics Co.,LTD	8205A	V _{DS} =20V, V _{GS} =±12V, I _D = 5A	IEC 62133-2: 2017+AMD1: 2021	Tested with appliance
Cell	Shenzhen Jinpinneng Electronics Co., Ltd.	902040	700mAh, 3.7V	IEC 62133-2: 2017+AMD1: 2021	Tested with appliance
-Positive electrode	--	--	LiCoO ₂	--	--
-Negative electrode	--	--	Graphite	--	--
-Separator	--	--	Shutdown temperature: 130°C	--	--
-Electrolyte	--	--	LiPF ₆ +EMC+EC+DMC	--	--
Supplementary information:					

7.2.1	TABLE: Continuous charging at constant voltage (cells)				P
Sample no.	Recommended charging voltage Vc (Vdc)	Recommended charging current I _{rec} (A)	OCV before test(Vdc)	Results	
C001	4.20	0.14	4.18	P	
C002	4.20	0.14	4.18	P	
C003	4.20	0.14	4.18	P	
C004	4.20	0.14	4.18	P	
C005	4.20	0.14	4.19	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion - No leakage					

7.3.1	TABLE: External short-circuit (cell)					P
Sample no.	Ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Resistance of circuit (mΩ)	Maximum case temperature rise ΔT (°C)	Results	
Samples charged at charging temperature upper limit (45°C)						
C006	55.4	4.22	83	115.5	P	
C007	55.4	4.22	82	111.8	P	
C008	55.4	4.23	83	113.3	P	
C009	55.4	4.22	83	114.1	P	
C010	55.4	4.22	85	112.7	P	
Samples charged at charging temperature lower limit (0°C)						
C011	55.5	4.21	81	115.4	P	
C012	55.5	4.21	79	114.2	P	
C013	55.5	4.20	79	115.5	P	
C014	55.5	4.21	82	114.8	P	
C015	55.5	4.20	83	113.4	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion						

7.3.2	TABLE: External short-circuit (battery)					P
Sample no.	Ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Resistance of circuit (mΩ)	Maximum case temperature rise ΔT (°C)	Component single fault condition	Results
B004	23.3	4.19	78	114.4	MOS	P
B005	23.3	4.18	82	113.9	MOS	P
B006	23.3	4.18	86	115.9	MOS	P
B007	23.3	4.19	83	23.6	/	P
B008	23.3	4.18	81	23.7	/	P
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion						

7.3.5	TABLE: Crush (cells)				P
Sample no.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV at removal of crushing force (Vdc)	Maximum force applied to the cell during crush (kN)	Results	
Samples charged at charging temperature upper limit (45°C)					
C029	4.22	4.22	13.04	P	
C030	4.23	4.23	12.95	P	
C031	4.23	4.22	12.98	P	
C032	4.22	4.22	12.97	P	
C033	4.22	4.22	13.05	P	
Samples charged at charging temperature lower limit (0°C)					
C034	4.21	4.21	12.99	P	
C035	4.20	4.20	12.94	P	
C036	4.21	4.21	13.03	P	
C037	4.21	4.20	13.06	P	
C038	4.20	4.20	12.95	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion					

7.3.6	TABLE: Over-charging of battery				P
Constant charging current (A).....:		1.4			—
Supply voltage (Vdc).....:		5.95			—
Sample no.	OCV before charging (Vdc)	Total charging time (minute)	Maximum outer case temperature (°C)	Results	
B012	3.45	66	38.7	P	
B013	3.38	66	36.3	P	
B014	3.41	66	35.5	P	
B015	3.39	66	36.3	P	
B016	3.42	66	37.1	P	
Supplementary information:					
- No fire or explosion					

7.3.7	TABLE: Forced discharge (cells)				P
Sample no.	OCV before application of reverse charge (Vdc)	Measured reverse charge I_t (A)	Lower limit discharge voltage (Vdc)	Results	
C039	3.44	0.7	3.0	P	
C040	3.41	0.7	3.0	P	
C041	3.39	0.7	3.0	P	
C042	3.45	0.7	3.0	P	
C043	3.40	0.7	3.0	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion					

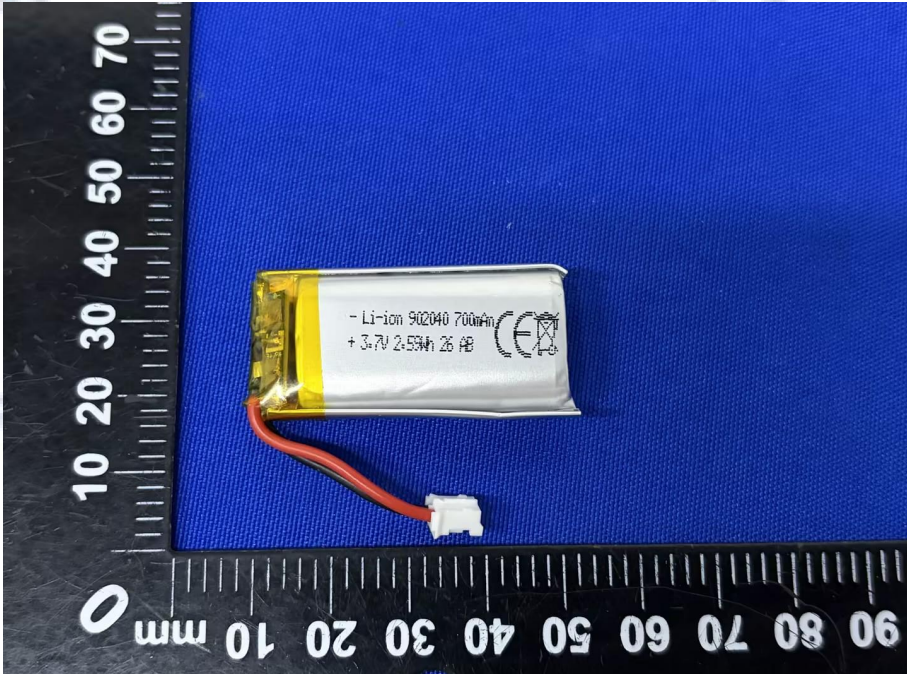
7.3.8.1	TABLE: Vibration					P
Sample no.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV after test (Vdc)	Mass before test (g)	Mass after test(g)	Results	
B017	4.18	4.17	13.375	13.375	P	
B018	4.18	4.17	13.415	13.414	P	
B019	4.18	4.18	13.345	13.345	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion - No rupture - No leakage - No venting						

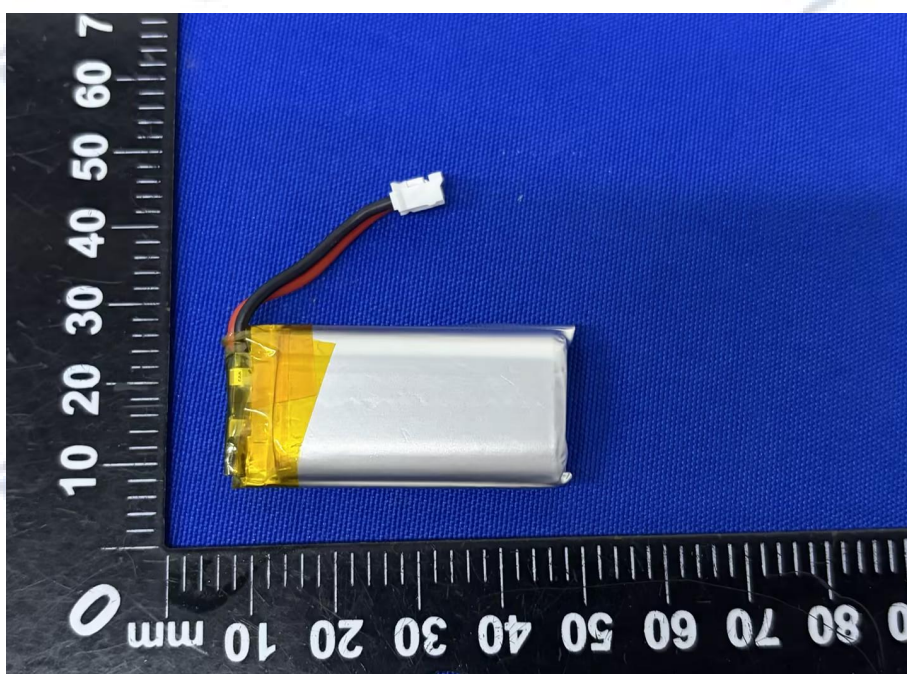
7.3.8.2	TABLE: Mechanical shock					P
Sample no.	OCV before test (Vdc)	OCV after test (Vdc)	Mass before test (g)	Mass after test(g)	Results	
B020	4.18	4.17	13.317	13.317	P	
B021	4.18	4.18	13.438	13.437	P	
B022	4.18	4.18	13.368	13.368	P	
Supplementary information: - No fire or explosion - No rupture - No leakage - No venting						

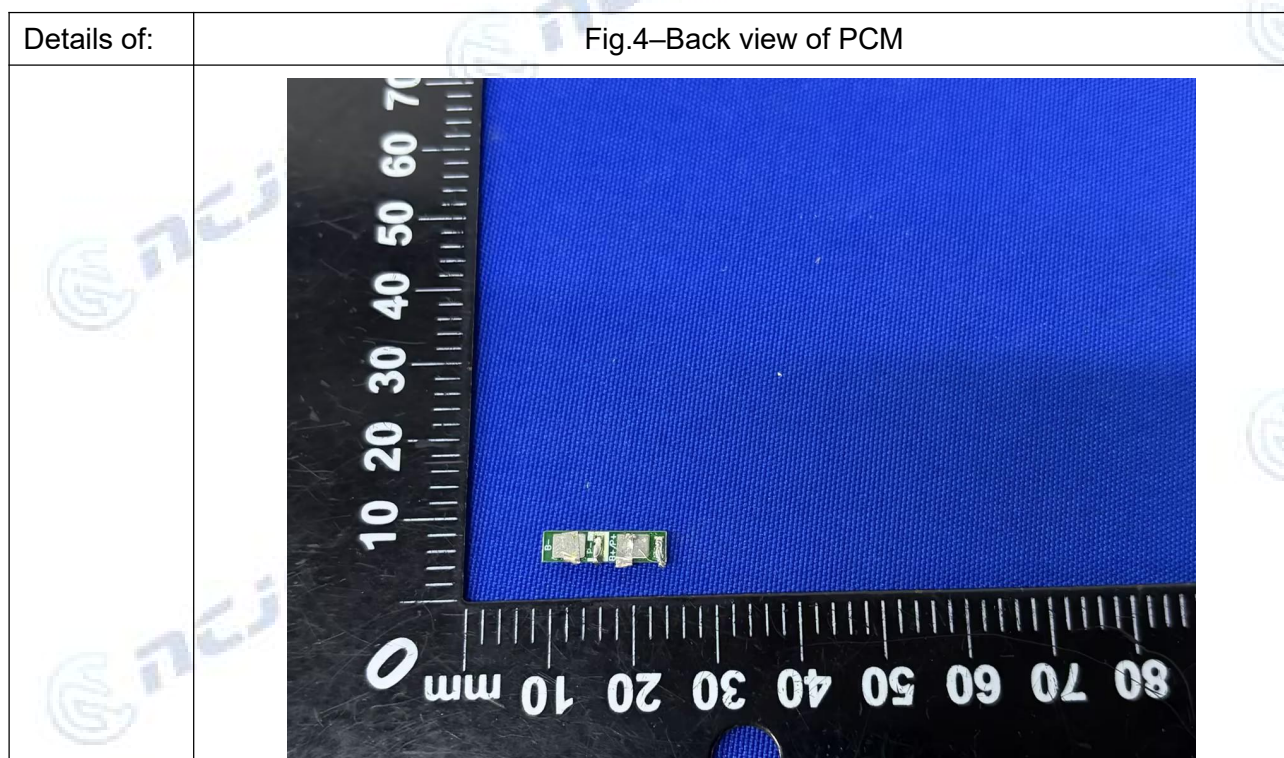
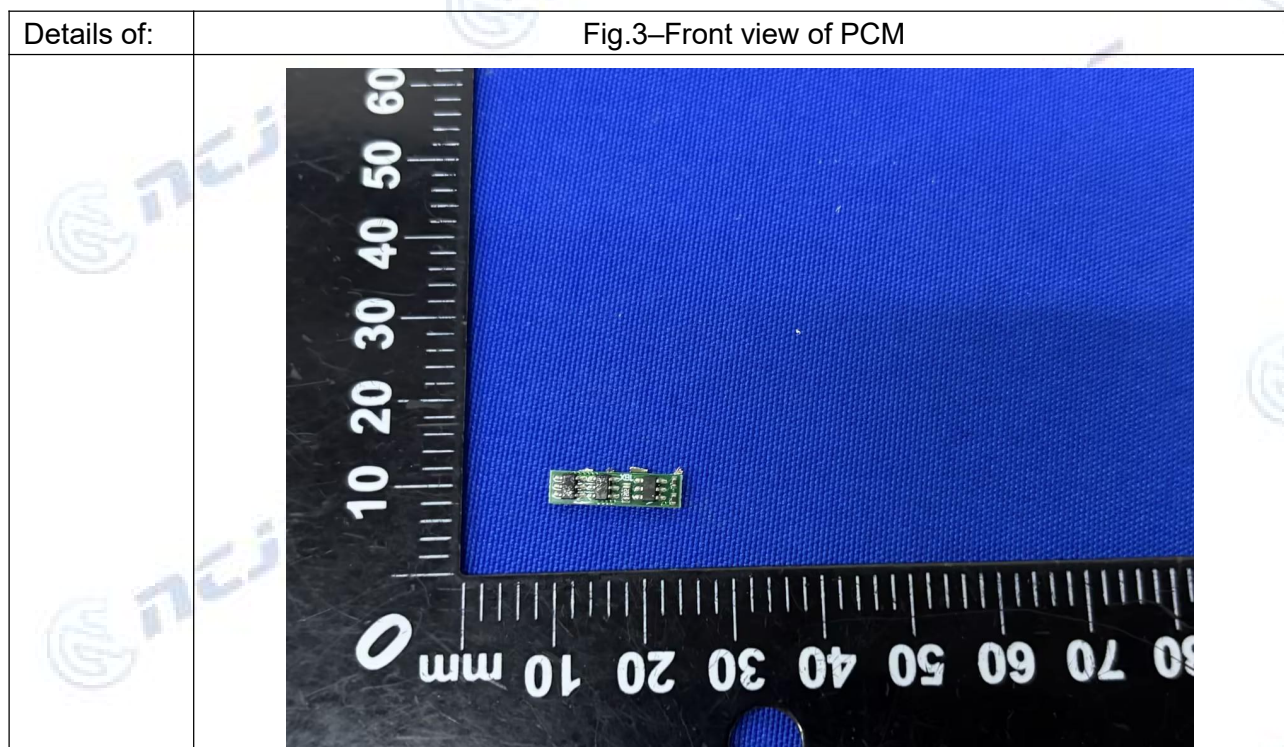
7.3.9	TABLE: Forced internal short circuit (cells)					P
Sample no.	Chamber ambient T (°C)	OCV before test (Vdc)	Particle location ¹⁾	Maximum applied pressure (N)	Results	
Samples charged at charging temperature upper limit (45°C)						
C044	45	4.22	1	400	P	
C045	45	4.22	1	400	P	
C046	45	4.23	1	400	P	
C047	45	4.22	1	400	P	
C048	45	4.23	1	400	P	
Samples charged at charging temperature lower limit (0°C)						
C049	0	4.21	1	400	P	
C050	0	4.21	1	400	P	
C051	0	4.20	1	400	P	
C052	0	4.20	1	400	P	
C053	0	4.21	1	400	P	
Supplementary information: ¹⁾ Identify one of the following: 1: Nickel particle inserted between positive and negative (active material) coated area. 2: Nickel particle inserted between positive aluminium foil and negative active material coated area. - No fire or explosion						

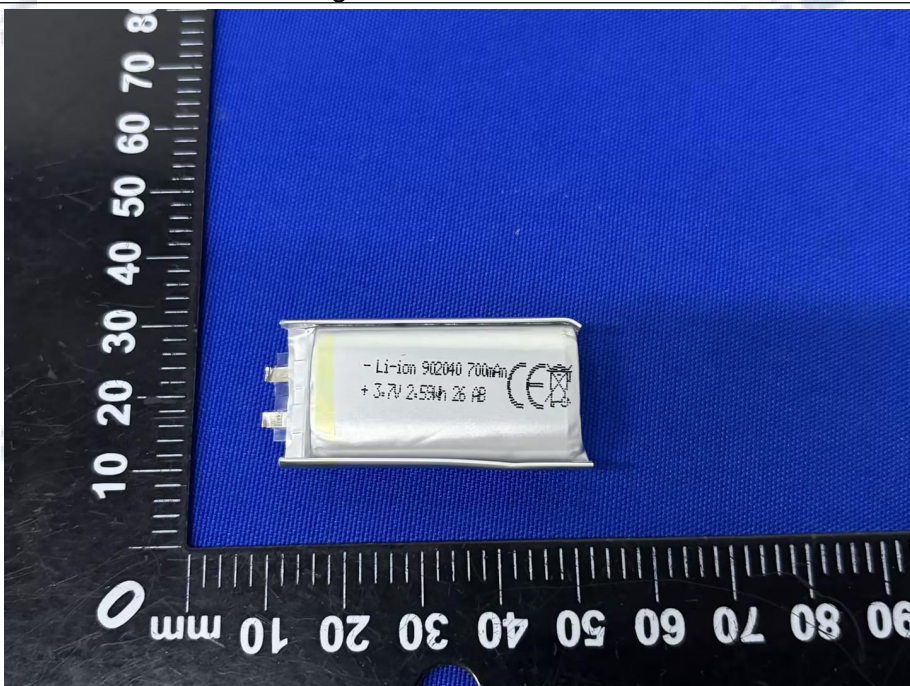
D.2	TABLE: Internal AC resistance for coin cells				N/A
Sample no.	Ambient T (°C)	Store time (h)	Resistance Rac (Ω)	Results ¹⁾	
Supplementary information: ¹⁾ Coin cells with internal resistance less than or equal to 3 Ω, see test result on corresponding tables					

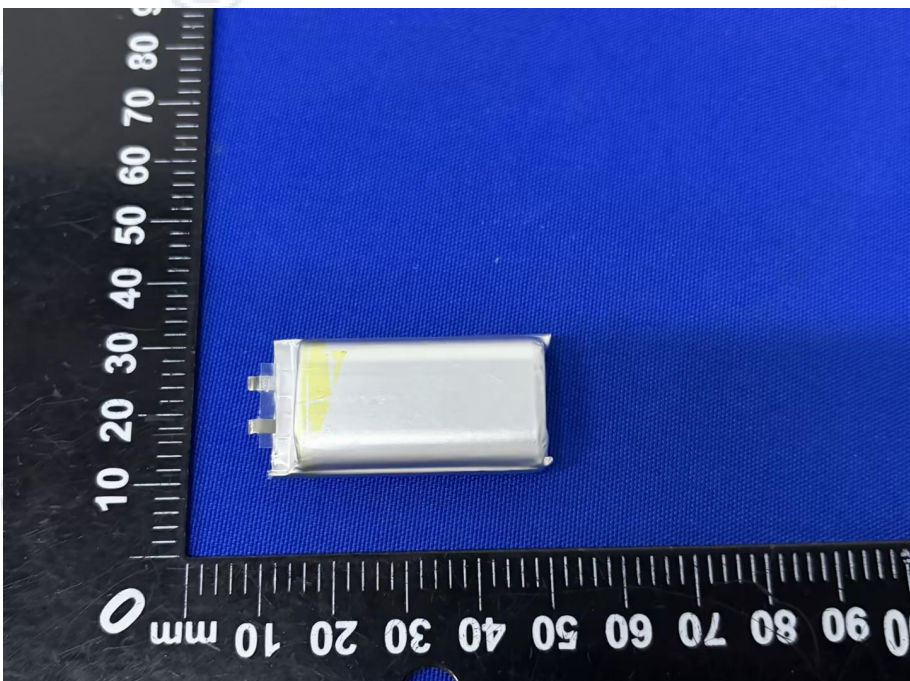
Appendix 1
Photo Documentation

Details of:	Fig.1–Front view of battery
	 A photograph showing the front view of a rectangular Li-ion battery. The battery is silver with a yellow label on the left side. The label contains the text: "- Li-ion 502040 700mAh", "+ 3.7V 2.55Wh 26 AB", and a CE mark. A red and black cable is attached to the bottom left of the battery. The battery is placed on a blue textured surface next to a black ruler with white markings. The ruler shows dimensions in millimeters, with the battery's length being approximately 40 mm and its width approximately 15 mm.

Details of:	Fig. 2–Back view of battery
	 A photograph showing the back view of the same Li-ion battery. The back of the battery is silver and appears to have a protective layer. The red and black cable is visible, extending from the top left. The battery is placed on the same blue textured surface next to the same black ruler. The ruler shows the battery's length is approximately 40 mm and its width is approximately 15 mm.



Details of:	Fig.5–Front view of cell
	

Details of:	Fig. 6–Back view of cell
	

---End of Test Report---